MREMUS ON THE **WATER QUESTION**

Says City's Money Is Limited.

Must Buy What We Can or Go Without the Wa-

ter.

When Utah Lake Fails, All Other Neighboring Sources Will Have Failed Also

A F. Doremus, the State engineer terday made the following state-The Tribune concerning the of water supply:

CORRESPONDED TO THE CONTROL OF THE PLAN MIGHT BE BETWHAT ARE THE CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH ARE CONTROL OF THE PRESENT CASE?"

Money Is Limited.

Money Is Limited.

"Well, as I am informed, the amount of money which is proposed to be embryed to increase the city's water supply sees not exceed the sum of \$85,000, so as the question of plan is, necessarily, arrowed to that of what can best be see with this amount of money. Another controlling circumstances is that here is no unappropriated water in any the nearby streams, so that the rights of siners enter into and complicate the pestion. Limited revenue and the principal controlling circumstances and can not be ignored when contains of a question of plan. These are, overer, only limiting matters that do at goto the fundamental questions that it insolved."

involved."

WHAT ARE THE FUNDAMENTAL 25TIONS INVOLVED?"

bey are substantially those which reto the quantity, quality and permany of the suppy, its availability and atlon with respect to the greatest pose economy of distribution and its suffers with respect to the comfort and realence of the people, promoting compal development and affording effective protection.

Quality and Quantity.

REMENTS?"

uality, in my opinion, comes first, insich as the health of the citizen is of
importance, and as the plan proposes
sequirement of Mill creek, Big Cotcod and Little Cottonwood, all wellra mountain streams the purity of
his generally admitted, besides being
en by sufficient scientific analysis,
e can be no doubt as to the merits
he plan in this particular. And with
ect to quantity, the repeated measurets made and recorded of these streams
e it certain that more than 40,000,000 is made and recorded of these streams to it certain that more than 40,00,000 ms can be rolled upon in seasons of test known scarcity, and that this a added to the present supply, will be the quantity five times what it now lies the quantity five times what it now lies the such that the waters can be to the stream of these mountain sons is such that the waters can be to the such that the waters can be to the such that the waters can be to the city that extend practically he elevation as to command all those sof the city that extend practically he elevation of Fort Douglas. So, it is that the sufficiency of the head of the carresponding pressures are ad question. This also dispenses with need for mechanical contrivances and test the minimum cost for distribution. Is contemplates the utilization of the the minimum cost for distribution. Is contemplated to the with the post at the time the conduit to its capacity, which is in line with the post at the time the conduit was concled. From this it appears that these lamental requirements have all been the conduit to the conduit

TRUT YOU SAY THE WATER FROM THESE SOURCES IS ALL IN PRIVATE OWNERSHIP. AND IT HAS BEEN ALL BY OTHERS THAT ITS PROCREMENT FOR THE PROPOSED PRIPOSE CANNOT BE EFFECTED IN TERMS THAT WILL BE SAFE AND SATISFACTORY TO THE CITY."

Absolute Purchase Impossible

Absolute Purchase Impossible.

"It may seem that any arrangement thert of absolute ownership of the water by the city would be undesirable and unste. Yet, I think the question is one which may be profitably discussed from the than a single standpoint. It seems to me that under the circumstances, we bast consider the matter of practicability as well as desirability and if this in done I becomes at once apparent that, under its circumstances, the purchase of the sateroutright is entirely out of the question, and for several reasons, the principal among which is that the present them of the water are not willing to sell it but, if they were the \$550,000 which is city can command for this purpose is see than would pay at a reasonable the city can command for this purpose is the than would pay at a reasonable which for any considerable quantity of the water. But if the water could be purchased with the money available, there would be none left to construct a conduit to conveying it into the city. Ownership of the water without the means of consucting it into the city would be a distance rather than a rellef and would sarily be regarded by the taxpayers as a less undesirable than to own a conduit when it is to any it, but, like the individual, it cannot the properties of the individual, it cannot

HAIR TELLS CHARACTER.

Color of Hair Said to Indicate a Person's Temperament.

soft's Temperament,

thy people believe that blonde, or
but hair denotes affection and dark hair

ferial of character; far from it. The

sponition of the average baid-headed

as is to show such solicitude for the

solicitude of others, that he neglects him
solicitude for the solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitude for the

solicitu

"Desiroy the cause-you remove the stage," by leading drugglats. Send 19c in samp for sample to The Herpicide Co.,

own both without paying the price thereof, and, in the city's case, its finances
will not permit of paying for both."
"IF THAT IS THE CASE, WOULD IT
NOT BE THE PROPER COURSE TO
WAIT UNTIL THE CITY IS MORE
ABLE THAN AT PRESENT TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL WATER"
"thasmuch as the city's growth depends
upon the development of the water supply there seems little hope of material
growth before the water supply has been
materially increased."
"BUT IF THE CITY NEEDS BOTH
WATER AND A MEANS OF CONVEYING IT INTO THE DISTRIBUTION
SYSTEM AND LACKS THE MONEY,
HOW IS IT POSSIBLE TO PROCURE
BOTH."

City Owns Plenty of Water.

City Owns Plenty of Water.

City Owns Pienty of Water.

The city has an abundant supply of water of its own already, but it is not all or the quality required for drinking purposes. The supply while, the city owns in Utah fake is not potable but is more than ample in quantity, being eighty second-feet, or nearly \$2.58,569 gailons daily. This water is now brought into the city through the City canal, which was constructed many years ago, if a cost of more than \$2.500. The canal water is employed to supply the farmers with an equivalent for Parley's creek and for irrigation purposes throughout the city. The City canal is situated at such an elevation as to be capanic of supplying water for irrigation to about two-thirds of the land that is now irrigated from Mill creek and Cottonwood, and it is more suitable for irrigation than the water from the mountain streams. The practicability of exchanging this canal water for the water from the mountain streams to the extent that it can be substituted for the mountain water now used for irrigation, has been the subject of conjecture for many years past and public opinion has appeared to tavor such a plan, although no real effort in that behalf has heretofore been made, except in the case of Parley's creek. By such an exchange no money would be required for the purchase of potable water, as a portion of the water supply already owned by the city would be utilized in the procurement of the mountain water needed and the limited amount of money would be expended in providing a means for transporting the acquired water into the city and rendering certain the supply from the lake."

"EUT IT IS SAID THAT THE FARMERS WILL NOT CONSENT TO AN AESOLUTE EXCHANGE BUT INSIST UPON CONDITIONS."

"As I understand it, the condition is that the city must provide a supply of lake water that will be as certain as that now coming to the farmers from the mountain. Water from the mountain water needed by every taxpayer the city which were such the cityen of the farmer is just as essential as certainty of supply will be dema

Utah Lake Is Sufficient.

Utah Lake Is Sufficient.

'I think the expression 'reputed' is significant of the situation which your question suggests because there has never been an actual failure of the Utah lake. The fact is that notwithstanding all the agencies which have conspired to destroy this magnificent source of water supply, it remains a most conspicuous example of sufficiency. During the past twenty years much of the water that formerly flowed into Utah lake has been diverted into the higher lands of Utah county, much has overflowed into the Greater lake below, canals have diverted Jarge quantities from the Jordan river for irrigation, upprecedented drought has done much to reduce the available supply—all these destructive agencies, supplemented by the operations of a powerful pumping plant, have reduced the supply, it is true, but there still remains a sufficiency for the requirements of several years to come, at the sume annual demand as in the past. Besidest this, the records of the United States reclamation service office in this city show that the lake elevation has increased about a foot during the last year, and has a total annual inflow of 640,00 acre-feet, of which \$23,000 acre-feet can be made available, which is about double the past annual consumption.

"It appears to me that, with such a showing of sufficiency in the supply from Utah lake, no reasonable room for doubt remains as to the ability of the city to make certain the supply necessary for exchange with the farmers, and so insure the uninterrupted use of the mountain water by the city. One thing seems certain to me—that when Utah lake fails as a source of supply, all other neighboring sources will have failed also."

You Needn't.

You needn't keep on feeling distressed after eating, nor belching, nor experiencing nausea between meals. In other words, you needn't keep on being dyspeptic, and you certainly

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures dyspepsiait strengthens and tones the stomach. perfects digestion, creates a normal appetite, and builds up the whole system.

SUES FOR MONEY LENT.

Man Tries to Recover \$190,000 From Brookline Woman.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.-A sensation has been caused here by the bringing of a suit by Herbert D. Newton of Brookline, Mass., against Mrs. Cassie Chadwick of Cleveland, O., for \$190,800 for money lent. Mrs. Chadwick is the wife of a Cleveland physician. In addition to Mr. Newton's suit, several banks have taken legal action to recover vari-ous amounts which bring the total sum

ous amounts which bring the total sum to \$257,800.

Mr. Newton alleges that Mrs. Chadwick told him she had \$5,000,000 in bonds and securities placed in trust by Ira Reynolds, secretary and treasurer of the Wade Park Banking company of Cleveland, and that she had a note for \$500,000 which, she could rescotice at any time which she could negotiate at any time for the purpose of paying Newton. He loaned her \$190,806.

National Bank Closes.

National Bank Closes.

OBERLIN, O., Nov. 28.—The Clitzens National bank of this place was closed today. The action was taken as a result of a meeting of the board of directors held yesterday. The following notice was posted on the bank door today. This bank will not open this morning or until further notice. The bank is in charge of the National Bank Examiner for examination and investigation.

A financial statement issued by the bank in September last showed the capital stock to be \$20,000, surplus, £20,000 deposits, \$475,000 loans and discounts, £31,000, C. G. Beckwith is president of the institution. The bank was founded in 1838. It is generally understood that the bank carried notes of Mrs. Cassic Chadwick of Cieveland to a large amount.

President C. G. Beckwith said tonight that he personally has assisted in loaning Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick \$102,000.

Concerning the condition of the bank, Vice-President M. M. Squire said: 16 sonly a hope that we will secure assistance from New York.

President Beckwith said that there were

only a hope that we from New York.

President Beckwith said that there were two checks in the bank as security for what had been leaned to Mrs. Chadwick One check is for \$500,000, the other for \$250,000.

Army Officer's Son Drowned.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 28.—Frank and Arthur Thayer, aged 14 and 12 years, respectively, broke through the ice in a pond here tonight and the older boy was drowned. The boys are sons of Capt. Arthur Thayer, Third cavalry, who is on duty at the military academy

KUROPATKIN RIDES IN AUTO

For Use Along His Big Battle Line.

Chinese Regard Swift Machine With Superstitious Awe.

Believe It to Be Atrociously Powerful Specimen of the "Foreign Devils."

CHEFOO, Nov. 28.-Gen. Kuropat kin is the possessor of a new twenty horse power automobile, with which he is able to rush at high speed from one part to another of the line, twentyfive miles long, according to M. Ravoir, who reached here today from Mukden.

M. Ravoir spent three weeks with Kuropatkin, who wished to secure twenty automobiles, specially con-structed to carry ammunition speedily in emergencies. He will use them only in winter, when the Manchurian roads are in excellent condition

On his first trip in the new automo-oile Kuropaikin's only comment was: 'I have the advantage of Gen. The Chinese now regard Kuropatkin and his machine with superstitious awe. believing the latter to be an atrociously powerful specimen of the "foreign devils."

Armies Live in Caves.

M. Ravoir said: "The two armies lie facing each other, each having three fortified lines. The soldiers of both armies live mostly in caves behind their trenches, which, when covered with snow, have the appearance of a great host of polar bears waiting to spring at each other. The caves are warm even without fire.

"The Russian troops are in the best of spirits, and have unlimited confidence in their leaders. They expect Kuro-patkin to attack during the winter. The Russian forces now number 300,000 men. The cavalrymen from the Don district are superior to their Siberian comrades. The former are intelligent, brave and active, and have fine powerful horses.
"There are only a few hundred rounded at Mukden and 30,000 wounded

at Harbin, at Harbin.

"I came out on the Siberian railroad, which reemed to be doing its tremendous work emocthly. The warehouses along the railroad between Mukden and Harbin are full of supplies which are almost untouched, as up to the present the army has subsisted chiefly on the country.

Russian Artillery Fire.

"The handling of the Russian artillery is improving, while the Japanese artillery fire seems less effective. Originally the Russians did not conceal their artillery, which the Japanese quickly disabled. Now the Russians handle and conceal their sund conceans their sund handle and conceal their guns with perfect science. "The belief is general at Mukden

that Port Arthur will hold out until re-lieved, no matter how long the much-expected Russian Second Pacific squadron may take in reaching the far East.

Gen. Kuropatkin is not talkative. His only reference to the war was: The war is progressing as I wish." "He still lives in his railroad car, and

the light in his office is burning night and day. It is commonly stated that the General never sleeps. His officers are not surprised at being called to a conference at any hour of the night. The General's only relaxation is at dinner time, when the officers who are his gueste number scores. Wine is pienti-ful, but Kuropatkin drinks mineral water. Every Russian officer seems to have an unlimited supply of money, the Government being lavish in its expendi-

"It is my opinion that Kuropatkin will never retreat from Mukden unless de-feated decisively, and I think the next battle will be a Russian victory."

FIGHTING STILL CONTINUES.

Japs Keep Up Desperate Assault for Three Days.

WITH THE BUSSIAN FORCES AT SHENKING, Nov. 28.—The attack by the Japanese upon Gen. Rennenkampf's position on November 24 resulted in three days' fighting at Tsinkhetchen, near Da pass. Though the Japanese have been repulsed, the fighting still continues. The Japanese have succeeded in placing several big guns in position, with which they will be able to seriously harass the Rus-

will be able to seriously harass the Russtans.

The latest estimate of the disposition
of the Jaconese forces is as follows (ne
brigade of Infantry and five regiments of
cavairy, with a second line of one brigade,
between Bandioza and the Hum river,
two disisions of infantry between Bandioza
and Linshinpu, one division between
Linshinpu and Lisdinouza one division
between Lindiaouza and Chinsandiza, one
division between Chinsandiza and Kosangiu, one brigade between Kosangau and
Sunmugs, with a second line consisting of
one brigade and two divisions, one division at Bepupuza, one brigade occupying the country southwest of Bepupuza as
for as Chingizi, with one brigade of infantry and of cavairy in the second line,
Behind the main army are one brigade of
infantry stationed at Liao Yang, one at
Yental and one at Tsinkhetchen.

ST PETERSEURG, Nov. 28.—Gen Kuropatkin, under yesterday's date, re-

Is Your Head Clear?

If not, it is probably the fault of your Liver and you need a corrective. You will be surprised to see how quickly your brain will clear and how much better you can work after taking

Beecham's

Boid Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

ports that the Japanese offensive move-ment which began November 24 near the village of Tsinkhetchen, on the front of the left flank, was of an indecisive char-acter up to 4 p. m. November 26, and was checked by the Russian fire. Although the fighting had then lasted three days, the Russian troops were in excellent spirits.

sairtts

A later dispatch from Gea. Kuropatkin reports that the night of November 27 passed quietly at Tsinkhetchen, but that the Japanese resumed the offensive at 7 o'clock this morning on the Russian left dank.

RUSSIA ACCEPTS PROPOSAL

To Conclude Arbitration Treaty With the United States.

ST PETERSBURG, Nov. 28-Russia has accepted the invitation of the United States to conclude an arbitration treaty States to conclude an arbitration treaty on the lines of the American-French treaty. The American proposal was submitted to Russia in the form of a note from Secretary Hay which was presented personally to Foreign Secretary Lamsdorff by Charge d'Affaires Eddy November 27. This afternoon Count Lamsdorff replied accepting in principle, in behalf of the imperial Government, the text of the treaty, but indicating that Russia would propose some slight modifications. These are expected to be drafted in a few days, and the final consummation of the new rapprochement with Russia will not long be delayed.

e delayed. Although it was known that the Ameri Although it was known that the American Government was desirons of negotiating arbitration treaties with all the principal powers, the fact that Russia had already been approached with a direct proposition did not leak out until Count Lamsdorff had accepted it. The rapprochement is expected to have an excelent effect on Russo-American relations, especially as it marks Russia's first adherence to an arbitration treaty with a foreign power.

Much of the credit for the promot action upon the proposal of the United States belongs to Charge d'Affaires Eddy. The existence of a treaty, or even a suggestion that such a step was contemplated, is not generally known in St. Petersburg tonight.

JAPANESE WON'T WAIT.

Can't Afford to Let Russians Secure Further Reinforcements.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 28-Gen. Ku ropatkin reports that there has been ac tive skirmishing on the left flank for three days. The opinion is now expressed by the general staff that the Japanese Intend taking the offensive, as they gannot afford to wait till the Russians are further reinforced. It is hold that the fighting to the castward is doubtless with the purpose of feeling out the Russian positions preparatory to an advance in that direction, but as there are about 7000 Russian froops southwest of Sintshilm, where fighting occurred on November 26, and probably twice as many more in the mountains between Beitzquites and Sintshilm, any Japanese move from this quarter would entail serious fighting At the same time correspondents at the front continue to scout the idea of serious fighting being imminent. by the general staff that the Japanese in-

To Appoint Naval Officer.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Count Cas-ini, the Russian Embarsador, and Si Mortimer Durand, the British Embassa

sini, the Russian Embarsador, and Sir Mortimer Durand, the British Embassador, called separately at the State department today to present on behalf of their respective Governments an invitation for the United States to appoint a "high rank ing naval officer" as a member of the ceurt of inquiry which will investigate the facts in the Dogger bank incident.

The term "officer of high rank," used in the agreement between Russia and Great Britain, means any officer having flag rank. Under this interpretation it would be possible for the President to appoint a Rear-Admiral. The appointment of Admiral Dewey will be heartily welcomed in either Russia or Great Britain,

The fact that Rear-Admiral French E. Chadwick is seen to go to London on ascount of his wife's ill health has led to the bellef in navy circles that he might be selected for this mission. The President has not intimated his attitude in the matter.

May Be Beginning of Big Battle. May be Beginning of Big Battle.

LONDON, Nov. 29—Gens. Kuropatkin and Sakharoff are sending daily long detailed accounts of apparently rather unimportant fighting, which may, however, possibly turn out to be the beginning of another great battle deciding the fate of Mukden. Japanese in London declipe to believe that there will be a constation of hostlittles till spring.

Gen. Sakharoff, in addition to his report of the Japanese attack on Trinkhelenen, announces that the Japanese in

chen, announces that the Japanese in force occupied the village of Nanhantga and the adjoining ravine in front of Poutlioff (Lone Tree) hill.

No further news from Port Arthur has been received beyond reports from Shanghai that the storming of the Russian stronghold continues.

Unimportant Advance Guard Affair, Unimportant Advance Guard Affair.

MUKDEN Nov. 28.—There seems to be undue importance attached to the three days fighting between the Japanese and Gen. Rennenkampff's men. It was in reality an unimportant advance guard affair, in which the Japanese were repulsed with a loss of 100 men. This advance of the Japanese against Da nass need not be tendered as a big flanking movement toward Tie pass, which so many imagine is the route the Japanese intend to take. Both the Japanese armies are united near Mokden and, as heretofore, are simply awaiting developments. The weather is warmer and there is less wind. The navigation of the Line river will close in a day or two.

Jap Attack Checked by Artillery.

ST PETERSBURG, Nov 28—Gen. Sakharoff today telegraphs as follows: "The Japanese attack on Tainkhetchen was checked by our artillery fire, and the fighting coased at 6 o'clock in the evening of November 21. At no point did the enemy advance nearer than within 600 paces of our position. In the midst of the battle a blinding snowstorm caused a suspension of hostilities, and when the weather leared at 1 o'clock in the afternoon a burning movement against our right flank was observed." Jap Attack Checked by Artillery.

Russian Squadren Off Africa.

CAPE TOWN Cape Colony, Nov. 28—A dispatch to the Argus says that Admiral Rojeatvensky's division of the Russian second Pacific squadron is conling off Swakopmund, German Southwest Africa.

Russian Vessel Starts for Mukden. ODESSA Nov. 28.—Gen Kaulbars, commander of the Third Manchurlan army left Odesen today for Muklen, where hexpects to arrive December 11

Japs After Key to Port Arthur. TOKIO Nov 29.—It is reported that the attack against 203 meter hill by the Japanese light artillery is succeeding. Is estimated that 20 per cent of the wor



A. SANTAELLA & CO. Makors, Tampa, Fla.

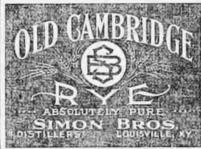
Sold by first-class dealers everywhere.

Perhaps One Flask Won't Hold Enough

Or maybe you are used to three or four kinds, which would work a hardship if you were obliged to travel with one flask. We have the very latest thing to help you out. Next leather cases, containing two, three or four flasks and selling from \$6 to \$12. They are a real novelty and have the quality of being useful as well.

CANADA CA

Where the Cars





Many of your neighbors have used Mellin's Food for their children. Ask them what they think of it look at their children and see the result of using a proper food. Mellin's Food will give the same good results if you will use it with your baby Send for a sample, we will send it

free of charge. MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Utah's Best Flour A Trial Order Solicited. VOGELER SEED & PRODUCE CO. Distributers.



the possession of the Japanese. No part of the harbor of Port Arthur will then be concealed from the Japanese.

CHECKER THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA

Russian Cruisers Go West PRAWLE POINT, Nov. 21.—Three ves whe, each with three funnels, and pro-ormally Russian first-class auxiliar-iteamship and third-class cruisers assed westward today.

Yacht Not Sold to Russia. PARIS. Nov. 28.—The statement that Authory K. Drexel's yacht Margarita has been sold to Russia is denied.

TEA

makes one voyage to us; we roast it here; and you get it direct.

In every package of Schilling's Best Teams booklet: How To Make Good Tea.

We have about 50 dozen good \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50 shirts--CLUETT'S-that you can buy this week for \$1.00 each. All desirable patterns. Do you want the bargains?

"大学",其中的自己的一种的一种,可以不是一种的一种的一种的一种。

J. WILL GRAY @ BRO.,

153 Main, East Side.

Under Electric Sign Gray's,



If you desire an up-to-date office desk of any description and best possible value for your money, get a "Gunn." All the desks are fitted with the Gunn Patent Drop Front Pigeon Hole Box. We also have for the office the Gunn combination filing cabinets. It will pay you to look this line over before placing

FREED FURNITURE & CARPET CO.,

====18 to 40 E. Third South.====

YOUR & CREDIT & IS & GOOD.

HAMILTON'S

HOLIDAY SPECIALS

Evening Gowns and Dinner

Dresses In handsome crepe de chine, chif-fon, taffetas and slik caolians, all made over elegant taffeta linings and slik drops. Prices this week

\$90 Cowns for---\$65 \$80 Gowns for --- \$55 \$75 Gowns for---\$50

\$65 Gowns for---\$45

Tailor-Made Suits

This week at special prices, in velvets, cloth and mixtures, ranging in price from

\$20.00 UP.

Pattern & Street Hats 1/3 Off

Smart toggery and imported novelties for the holidays.



SOLD IN 1/2 AND ILB. WHITE AND GOLD PHOS. EVERYWHERE -00000000000000000 89899999999999999

Aiways Remember the Full Name axative Bromo Quinine 6. 71. Love on every Cures a Coldin One Day, Crip in 2 Days